### **CANNINGTON SCHOOL**



#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

School Address:

Cannington Road, Cannington

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Ministry Number:

3307

# **CANNINGTON SCHOOL**

Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2017

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#### **Cannington School**

## Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2017

The Board of Trustees accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2017 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Kiri George	Mane Power
Full Name of Board Chairperson	Full Name of Principal
Signature of Board Chairperson	Signature of Principal
15/5//8 Date:	Date:

# **Cannington School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense**

For the year ended 31 December 2017

		2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Notes	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Payanua		\$	\$	\$
Revenue Government Grants	2	361,664	454,849	359,969
Locally Raised Funds	3	16,856	13,500	20,178
Interest Earned	Ü	4,031	3,250	3,737
	-	382,551	471,599	383,884
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	1,410	1,400	1,557
Learning Resources	4	205,862	252,530	227,311
Administration	5	30,880	32,070	28,303
Finance Costs		196	-	4 <mark>6</mark> 1
Property	6	119,526	193,854	102,752
Depreciation	7	13,188	12,000	12,839
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	_	3,056	<del></del>	<del></del>
		374,118	491,854	373,222
			(00.055)	40.000
Net Surplus / (Deficit)		8,433	(20,255)	10,662
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the	Year	8,433	(20,255)	10,662

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



# Cannington School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Actual <b>2017</b> \$	Budget (Unaudited) <b>2017</b> \$	Actual <b>2016</b> \$
Balance at 1 January	245,970	245,970	233,286
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Capital Contributions from the Ministry of Education	8,433	(20,255)	10,662
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant	-	·	2,022
Equity at 31 December	254,403	225,715	245,970
Retained Earnings	254,403	225,715	245,970
Equity at 31 December	254,403	225,715	245,970

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



# Cannington School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2017

		2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	39,152	25,083	33,338
Accounts Receivable	9	21,728	10,985	10,985
GST Receivable		=	2,993	2,993
Prepayments		1,100	910	910
Investments	10	108,433	104,602	104,602
Funds owing for Capital Works Projects	16	4,045	3,846	3,846
		174,458	148,419	156,674
Current Liabilities				
GST Payable		1,005	-	-
Accounts Payable	12	19,751	35,036	35,036
Revenue Received in Advance	13	2,063	2,035	2,035
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	8,875	<del></del>	-
Finance Lease Liability - Current Portion		4,102	1,510	1,510
		35,796	38,581	38,581
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		138,662	109,838	118,093
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	132,027	125,652	137,652
		132,027	125,652	137,652
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	12,500	8,930	8,930
Finance Lease Liability		3,786	845	845
		16,286	9,775	9,775
Net Assets		254,403	225,715	245,970
Equity		254,403	225,715	245,970

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



# **Cannington School Statement of Cash Flows**

For the year ended 31 December 2017

		2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		76,856	57,035	97,177
Locally Raised Funds		16,884	13,500	17,213
Goods and Services Tax (net)		3,998	·	(6,528)
Payments to Employees		(24,296)	12,252	(37,389)
Payments to Suppliers		(50,162)	(55,014)	(28,123)
Cyclical Maintenance Payments in the Year		(12,445)	(2,000)	■.
Interest Received		4,292	3,250	3,521
Net cash from / (to) the Operating Activities		15,127	29,023	45,871
Cash flows from Investing Activities Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles)		(468)	-	(13,825)
Purchase of Investments		(3,831)	-	(31,039)
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		-	-	-
Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities		(4,299)	-	(44,863)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	2,022
Finance Lease Payments		(4,815)	-	(2,797)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		(100)	· <b>-</b> s	(12,827)
Funds Held for Capital Works Projects		(199)		(10,000)
Net cash from Financing Activities		(5,014)	-	(13,602)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		5,814	29,023	(12,594)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	33,338	33,338	45,932
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	39,152	62,361	33,338

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been omitted.



#### **Cannington School**

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### 1. Statement of Accounting Policies

For the year ended 31 December 2017

#### 1.1. Reporting Entity

Cannington School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education Act 1989. The Board of Trustees (the Board) is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

#### 1.2. Basis of Preparation

#### Reporting Period

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 and in accordance with the requirements of the Public Finance Act 1989.

#### Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

#### Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education Act 1989 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as "having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders".

#### PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

#### Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

#### Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

#### Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

#### Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

#### Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the Significant Accounting Policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

#### Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

#### Classification of leases

The School reviews the details of lease agreements at the end of each reporting date. The School believes the classification of each lease as either operation or finance is appropriate and reflects the nature of the agreement in place. Finance leases are disclosed at note 15.

#### Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carryforward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

#### 1.3. Revenue Recognition

#### Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives;

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Use of land and buildings grants are recorded as revenue in the period the School uses the land and buildings. These are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown.

#### Other Grants

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

#### Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

#### Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

#### 1.4. Use of Land and Buildings Expense

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes. This is a non-cash expense that is offset by a non-cash grant from the Ministry.

#### 1.5. Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

#### 1.6. Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.



#### 1.7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

#### 1.8. Accounts Receivable

Accounts Receivable represents items that the School has issued invoices for or accrued for, but has not received payment for at year end. Receivables are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently recorded at the amount the School realistically expects to receive. A receivable is considered uncollectable where there is objective evidence the School will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount that is uncollectable (the provision for uncollectibility) is the difference between the amount due and the present value of the amounts expected to be collected.

#### 1.9. Investments

Bank term deposits for periods exceeding 90 days are classified as investments and are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. After initial recognition bank term deposits are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. Share investments are recognised initially by the School at fair value plus transaction costs. At balance date the School has assessed whether there is any evidence that an investment is impaired. Any impairment, gains or losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

After initial recognition any investments categorised as available for sale are measured at their fair value without any deduction for transaction costs the school may incur on sale or other disposal.

The School has met the requirements under section 28 of schedule 6 of the Education Act 1989 in relation to the acquisition of securities.

#### 1.10. Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Crown are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Property, plant and equipment acquired with individual values under \$1,000 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Gains and losses on disposals (*i.e.* sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (*i.e.* the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

#### Leased Assets

Leases where the School assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The assets acquired by way of finance lease are measured at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments at inception of the lease, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Leased assets and corresponding liability are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position and leased assets are depreciated over the period the School is expected to benefit from their use or over the term of the lease.



#### Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building & Improvements 40 years
Furniture and Equipment 5-10 years
Information and Communication Technology 4–5 years
Leased assets 3 years

Library resources 12.5% Diminishing value

#### 1.11. Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

#### Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

#### 1.12. Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### 1.13. Employment Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned to but not yet taken at balance date.

#### Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled beyond 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service, such as long service leave and retirement gratuities, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information; and
- the present value of the estimated future cash flows

#### 1.14. Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

#### 1.15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision for cyclical maintenance represents the obligation the Board has to the Ministry and is based on the Board's ten year property plan (10YPP).

#### 1.16. Financial Assets and Liabilities

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are categorised as "loans and receivables" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, and finance lease liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as "financial liabilities measured at amortised cost" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

#### 1.17. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

#### 1.18. Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board at the start of the year.

#### 1.19. Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



2. Government Grants			
	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operational grants	82,205	64,849	75,066
Teachers' salaries grants	191,234	225,000	183,911
Use of Land and Buildings grants	77,200	165,000	78,881
Other MoE Grants	11,025	-	22,110
	361,664	454,849	359,969

#### 3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations	2,574	2,000	1,675
Other revenue	10,033	7,800	14,022
Trading	1,643	1,200	1,174
Activities	2,502	2,500	3,220
Curriculum Recoveries	104	=	87
	16,856	13,500	20,178
Expenses			
Trading	1,410	1,400	331
Other Locally Raised Funds Expenditure			1,226
	1,410	1,400	1,557
Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	15,446	12,100	18,622

4. Learning Resources		
	2017 2017 2016 Budget	
	Actual (Unaudited) Actual	
	\$ \$	
Curricular	7,756 10,150 11,3	393
Extra-curricular activities	2,300 3,300 3,2	280
Library resources	- 100	78
Employee benefits - salaries	193,707 235,800 209,3	352
Staff development	2,099 3,180 3,2	207
	205,862 252,530 227,3	311



5. Administration			
	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	3,091	3,100	3,045
Board of Trustees Fees	2,255	4,140	3,550
Board of Trustees Expenses	1,703	1,200	1,643
Communication	1,836	1,650	1,152
Consumables	195	300	150
Operating Lease	1,109	3,920	1,557
Other	3,776	430	852
Employee Benefits - Salaries	14,633	15,000	14,027
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	2,282	2,330	2,328
	30,880	32,070	28,303

2017	2017 Budget	2016
Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
\$	\$	\$
948	1,500	1,626
8,459	3,500	2,041
3,625	2,000	2,192
8,820	-	-
1,670	3,400	1,459
4,835	4,700	4,230
767	814	686
6,180	5,900	4,396
77,200	165,000	78,881
7,022	7,040	7,241
119,526	193,854	102,752
	Actual \$ 948 8,459 3,625 8,820 1,670 4,835 767 6,180 77,200 7,022	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 948 1,500 8,459 3,500 3,625 2,000 8,820 - 1,670 3,400 4,835 4,700 767 814 6,180 5,900 77,200 165,000 7,022 7,040

The use of land and buildings figure represents 8% of the school's total property value. This is used as a 'proxy' for the market rental of the property. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment			
	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	2,598	2,500	2,598
Furniture and Equipment	4,353	4,000	4,552
Information and Communication Technology	2,331	4,000	4,942
Leased Assets	3,575	1,000	416
Library Resources	331	500	331
	13,188	12,000	12,839



8. Cash and Cash Equivalents			
	2017	2017	2016
		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Bank Current Account	27,070	25,083	21,267
Bank Call Account	12,082		12,070
Net cash and cash equivalents and bank overdraft for Cash Flow Statement	39,152	25,083	33,338

The carrying value of short-term deposits with maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

9. Accounts Receivable			
	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	8,560	-	-
Interest Receivable	510	772	772
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	12,658	10,213	10,213
	21,728	10,985	10,985
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	510	772	772
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	21,218	10,213	10,213
	21,728	10,985	10,985

#### 10. Investments

The School's	investment act	ivities are class	sified as fol	lows:
THE COHOURS	mivestificnt act	IVILIOS AIC CIAS	Silica as loi	10443.

	2017	2017	2016
		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Current Asset	\$	\$	\$
Short-term Bank Deposits	108,433	104,602	104,602



#### 11. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2017	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	25,000	-	_	-	-	25,000
Building Improvements	78,288	-	-	1-	(2,598)	75,690
Furniture and Equipment	18,514	-	-	<u>-</u>	(4,353)	14,161
Information and Communication	12,078	1,039	(3,958)	-	(2,331)	6,828
Leased Assets	1,457	10,151	□	-	(3,575)	8,033
Library Resources	2,315	331	=		(331)	2,315
Balance at 31 December 2017	137,652	11,521	(3,958)	-	(13,188)	132,027

	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
2017	\$	\$	\$
Land	25,000	-	25,000
Building Improvements	103,927	(28,237)	75,690
Furniture and Equipment	98,432	(84,272)	14,160
Information and Communication	42,226	(35,398)	6,828
Leased Assets	12,024	(3,991)	8,033
Library Resources	12,216	(9,900)	2,316
Balance at 31 December 2017	293,825	(161,798)	132,027

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$2,548 (2016: \$1,457)

2016	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
Land	₩	25,000	-	=		25,000
Building Improvements	105,886	(25,000)	1. <b>—</b> 2	-	(2,598)	78,288
Furniture and Equipment	13,086	9,980	1-1	-	(4,552)	18,514
Information and Communication	13,444	3,576	-	-	(4,942)	12,078
Leased Assets	=	1,873	-	=	(416)	1,457
Library Resources	2,377	269	. <del>-</del> .	-	(331)	2,315
Balance at 31 December 2016	134,793	15,698	x=x		(12,839)	137,652

	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
2016	\$	\$	\$
Land	25,000	-	25,000
Building Improvements	103,926	(25,638)	78,288
Furniture and Equipment	98,434	(79,920)	18,514
Information and Communication	47,322	(35,244)	12,078
Leased Assets	1,872	(416)	1,457
Library Resources	11,885	(9,570)	2,315
Balance at 31 December 2016	288,439	(150,787)	137,652



12. Accounts Payable			
	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operating creditors	3,355	13,156	13,156
Accruals	3,555	3,502	3,502
Banking staffing overuse	-	7,814	7,814
Employee Entitlements - salaries	12,658	10,213	10,213
Employee Entitlements - leave accrual	183	351	351
	19,751	35,036	35,036
Payables for Exchange Transactions	19,751	35,036	35,036
	19,751	35,036	35,036
		3-	

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

13. Revenue Received in Advance			
	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Other	2,063	2,035	2,035
	2,063	2,035	2,035

	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year	8,930	8,930	6,738
Increase to the Provision During the Year	3,625	=	2,192
Adjustment to the Provision	8,820		-
Provision at the End of the Year	21,375	8,930	8,930
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	8,875	Ψ.	=
Cyclical Maintenance - Term	12,500	8,930	8,930
	21,375	8,930	8,930

15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	4,278	1,664	1,664
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	3,867	906	906
	8,145	2,570	2,569



#### 16. Funds Held for Capital Works

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects:

					BOT Contribution/	
	0047	Opening	Receipts	D	(Write-off to	Closing
	2017	Balances	from MoE	Payments	R&M)	Balances
		\$	\$	\$		\$
5 YA Upgrade to Windows	In progress	(3,846)	17,963	18,162	-	(4,045)
Totals		(3,846)	17,963	18,162	-	(4,045)
Represented by: Funds Due from the Ministry of Education					-	4,045 (4,045)
					BOT Contribution/	
		Opening	Receipts		(Write-off to	Closing
	2016	Balances	from MoE	<b>Payments</b>	R&M)	Balances
		\$	\$	\$		\$
5 YA Upgrade to Windows	In progress	_	34,403	38,249	_	(3,846)
Totals		-	34,403	38,249	•	(3,846)

#### 17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

#### 18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, and Deputy Principal.

	2017 Actual \$	2016 Actual \$
Board Members	27	••
Remuneration	2,255	3,550
Full-time equivalent members	-	0.08
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	87,886	88,636
Full-time equivalent members	1.00	1.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	90,141	92,186
Total full-time equivalent personnel	1.00	1.08

The full time equivalent for Board members has been determined based on attendance at Board meetings, Committee meetings and for other obligations of the Board, such as stand downs and suspensions, plus the estimated time for Board members to prepare for meetings.

#### Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2017	2010
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	80-90	80-90
Benefits and Other Emoluments	0-0	0-0
Termination Benefits	0-0	0-0

#### Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000	2017 FTE Number	2016 FTE Number
110 - 120	<b>[=</b> ]	-
100 - 110	-	-
-	0.00	0.00

2017

2016

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

#### 19. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee member, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2017 Actual	2016 Actual
Total	-	-
Number of People		-

#### 20. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2017 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2016: nil).



#### 21. Commitments

#### (a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2017 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

(Capital commitments at 31 December 2016: nil)

#### (b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2017 the Board has entered into the following contracts:

(a) operating lease of Laptops;

(1)	2017 Actual \$	2016 Actual \$
No later than One Year	652	652
Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years		652
	652	1,304

#### 22. Managing Capital

The School's capital is its equity and comprises capital contributions from the Ministry of Education for property, plant and equipment and accumulated surpluses and deficits. The School does not actively manage capital but attempts to ensure that income exceeds spending in most years. Although deficits can arise as planned in particular years, they are offset by planned surpluses in previous years or ensuing years.

#### 23. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

#### Loans and Receivables

	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	39,152	25,083	33,338
Receivables	21,728	10,985	10,985
Investments - Term Deposits	108,433	104,602	104,602
Total Cash and Receivables	169,313	140,670	148,925
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	19,751	35,036	35,036
Finance Leases	7,888	2,355	2,355
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	27,639	37,391	37,391
•			

#### 24. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.



#### **Key Management Personnel**

#### **BoT**

Kathryn Campbell -

commenced June 2013

Kelly Evans -

commenced Nov 2014

Sam Jamieson -

commenced Oct 2015

Kiri George - Chairperson

commenced June 28 2016

Rachel Searle - Secretary

commenced June 28 2016

Deane Power – Principal

Leana Walker – Teacher rep

School

Rachel Butcher- Office

**Kiwisport Funding: 2017** \$859.13

Cannington School is part of a Kiwisport Cluster. All Kiwisport is allocated towards this.



# Analysis of Variance Reporting



School Name:	Cannington School	School Number: 3307
Strategic Aim:	To focus on and obtain the highest possible level or progress and achievement in relation to the Natio curriculum.	To focus on and obtain the highest possible level of student achievement for all ages, ethnic groups and genders as evidenced by progress and achievement in relation to the National Standards and every student is taught through a rich and responsive curriculum.
Annual Aim:	To increase the number of students achieving AT or ABOVE for the National Standards	AT or ABOVE for the National Standards
Target:	READING: To have all children make at least	make at least one year's progress in relation to the National Standards
Baseline Data:	Reading: November and December 2016 sho When we dig in to the data we see that of the boys at the school at that time (4/8). All Maori	mber 2016 showed us to have 28% (7/25) Above, 52% (13/25)At, 20% (5/25) Below. see that of the Below students this was made up of mostly boys. In this case half of all (4/8). All Maori students are At or Above.
	<ul><li>Maori (6/25) 24%</li><li>European (19/25) 76%</li><li>Female (17/25) 68%</li><li>Male (8/25) 32%</li></ul>	

New Zealand Government

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Actions	Outcomes	Reasons for the variance	Evaluation
What did we do?	What happened?	Why did it happen?	Where to next?
<ul> <li>Running records are to be completed and entered onto the S.M.S. of every term for students up to the level of gold (L22) and once a term for all others</li> <li>Buddy Reading weekly for juniors to read to, with, and by senior children.</li> <li>Daily guided reading chosen book in class</li> <li>Daily reading of a child chosen book in class</li> <li>S.R.A. and TOXIC reading programme to be used in alternating terms for closed reading activities with students in reading levels L15 and above. To be used in both classrooms.</li> <li>Targeted Learners</li> <li>Targeted Learners</li> <li>Programme: Teacher's weekly planning will include our priority and targeted learners with their next step learning. This learning is to be specific and achievable. These goals are to be reviewed at each staff meeting (for each child) and new goals set as old ones are meet. This will include five members of the class. Students may be added and removed as goals or observed needs are meet.</li> <li>Students to review books are meet.</li> </ul>	Results Well Below: nil Below: (2/23) 9% At: (9/23) 39% Above: (13/23) 56% In April we had 6 below, Mid Year 5 Below, and now 2 Below. We have moved more students to Above as well this year. Interim had 9 Above and now 13. The results do not show that the students who are below, were a long way to being At.	We set out to get at least one year's progress for each student. In this subject we have accelerated every student in the school at least one year's progress. We had only 8% below and these students had made constant progress.  What has worked well this year is the introduction of on-line access to books through both Literacy Pro and Sunshine on-line. This was specifically targeted to students that we believed would benefit from it. Not for those students that were already succeeding in Reading. This had strong buy in from those students. It was a good use of school money.  The specific use of SRA has also benefited students around the cloze answer parts to reading.  PD in visiting school using PACT was great in promoting the evaluation of students display work. This has been used to help evaluate students work with them to discuss where to nest with them.	Of all the specific actions that we listed we would consider using them all again with the exception of the PACT as at this stage we are not sure what it will look like in 2018.  We are going to continue to use on-line reading resources as these are working well and were not included in the planned actions.  We are going to build a new library next year and then we will have a room that is specifically a library.  We will rationalise the current books and continue to purchase new books so that our books all look in good condition.  We will continue to develop Office 365 as this gives us the ability to set reading tasks and mark them on-line. Also they can be accessed from home and parents and caregivers can see the work we are setting.  We do not have any specific changes to practise that we are looking to make other than the continual improvement of practise that will monitor through our Internal Evaluation Documents.  That is where the three foci came from and we expect them to make some change to our practise over 2018

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clear indications of where students e-asTTle to be used to give

are achieving.

to it now.

class. year here so the students are used We are happier with our OTJ due to the use of easTTIe Reading to assess and it being in its second

what interests them and use this to the very nature of country schools OTJ of concern is placed into our Very similar to an IEP. That and school any student that is in our we know our students well and targeted learners programme. Due to the small nature of our accelerate learning.

The only action that would need to be funded is a commitment to making 365 work better in the

are still a long way off AT and to get there, we will have to look at Our CAAP is also ready and will The two students marked below help us to focus on students. how to strengthen the home school partnership.

# Planning for next year:

To focus on and obtain the highest possible level of student achievement for all ages, ethnic groups and genders as evidenced by

Provide a description of the actions the board will take to address any targets that were not achieved. This may involve including aims and targets in next year's charter to address the variance.

progress and achievement in relation to the National Standards and every student is taught through a rich and responsive curriculum.

To increase the number of students achieving AT or ABOVE for the National Standards

Writing: To have all children make at least one year's progress in relation to the National Standards

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sessed against atrix. Needs entified from t is incorporated aching. Report en board terming.	usic lyrics used adents to learr make meaning gh quality writ e identifying o	ammar: rules ecifically taugh	g: to	on   Tātaritanga r
ass mass ide thi	str to thigh	rp cs ch de se	Sp	of Educati
	a nis lin	Piece of writing assessed against a matrix. Needs identified from this and this incorporated into teaching. Reported to the board termly Music lyrics used for students to learn how to make meaning from high quality writing and the identifying of language features	Piece of writing assessed against a matrix. Needs identified from this and this incorporated into teaching. Reported to the board termly Music lyrics used for students to learn how to make meaning from high quality writing and the identifying of language features Grammar: rules to be specifically taught during handwriting	Piece of writing assessed against a matrix. Needs identified from this and this incorporated into teaching. Reported to the board termly Music lyrics used for students to learn how to make meaning from high quality writing and the identifying of language features Grammar: rules to be specifically taught during handwriting lessons, Spelling: Essential lists taught to needs

Writing: November and December 2016 showed us to have 20% (7/25) Above, 48% (13/25), 28% (5/25) Below, and 4% (1/25) Well Below. When we dig in to the data we see that of the Below students this was made up of mostly boys. In Evaluation Where to next? this case over half of all boys at the school at that time (5/8). All Maori students are At or Above. Reasons for the variance Why did it happen? European (19/25) 76% What happened? Female (17/25) 68% Maori (6/25) 24% Male (8/25) 32% Outcomes **Baseline Data** 

What has worked well this year for year's progress for each student. accelerated every student in the the senior class is the focus on below and these students had We set out to get at least one progress. We had only 12.5% school at least one year's made constant progress. n this subject we have Above: (6/23) 26%

Below: (2/23) 9% At: (15/23) 65%

Well Below: nil

Results

number of students who are Below. relation to the National Standards. standard. In April we had 5 Below, We have moved more students to Above. Also we have reduced the mid-year 4 Below and now three. All of our students have made at below, 61% At and 18% Above. Only one of the students Below There is no gender bias in our Mid-year showed we had 21% least one year's progress in were close to meeting the

school. This starts in term one and

two with Music Lyrics and then

common phrases and their

research and its presenting to the

histories, and finishing in term four

with presentations of research in

the form of plays.

are not sure what it will look like in Of all the specific actions that we them all again with the exception of the PACT as at this stage we listed we would consider using 2018.

This coming year we have a cohort making them independent workers of six students coming through as move from the junior class to the year fours. We are aware of the senior class. This step is about with a developing sense of self step up that is required in the direction.

set writing tasks and mark them on We will continue to develop Office 365 as this gives us the ability to caregivers can see the work we line. Also they can be accessed are setting. This where we are from home and parents and

> a focus this year we have kept the content relevant to boys. This has showed through in the data in that As boys writing achievement was there is no gender bias in our

Page 4

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- Alcott switched on to Spelling rules: Joy Spelling
- defined, modelled, and then used in sentences. from students reading These words are to be Vocabulary: Words grammar planning used in complex books are to be sentences. (see book)
- words can you write in Wordblast: How many commonly misspelled improvement. Yr 1-4. 10 minutes? Scores **Essential lists and** words for Y0-8 kept to track
- e.g. ing, ill, ot, ight etc. Word Families: school Letter Land: Junior school
- Standardised testing e-Programme: Teacher's asTTle to give valid **Targeted Learners** 0.T.J.s
- include our priority and weekly planning will

a better sense of engagement and focus on presentations resulted in pride in presentations by male results. This included with the students.

We are happier with our OTJ due marking against a matrix created from the Learning Progressions, PAT punctuation and Grammar to the use of easTTIe Writing, presentations in the OTJ. and our inclusion of wall

The junior class still has a focus on narrative writing and spelling. This has shown through in the results for the junior classroom.

present both sides. Intro must look discussed the specific teaching of pieces of writing, e.g. discussion, Clear staff meetings where we what it takes to create specific ike this etc.

curriculum area has allowed us to see the impact of what we do and Internal Evaluation Tool for each how we could change. This has The introduction and use of our made us tweak our original plans/actions.

OTJ of concern is placed into our targeted learners programme. Very similar to an IEP. That and school any student that is in our Due to the small nature of our

The only action that would need to continual improvement of practise going to try to improve the home changes to practise that we are nternal Evaluation Documents. ooking to make other than the making 365 work better in the be funded is a commitment to We do not have any specific that will monitor through our school partnerships.

AT and to get there, we will have below two are still a long way off Our CAAP is also ready and will to look at how to strengthen the Of the three students marked help us to focus on students. home school partnership. At this stage we have applied to be part of the ALL2 programme but at this stage we have not heard if we and we will use this for PD for the benefitted greatly as a staff from the ALIM2 and we would expect ALL2. We have been accepted school. Junior Teacher to lead. this to continue if we get onto have been accepted. We

the very nature of country schools we know our students well and what interests them and use this to accelerate learning.	To focus on and obtain the highest possible level of student achievement for all ages, ethnic groups and genders as evidenced by progress and achievement in relation to the National Standards and every student is taught through a rich and responsive curriculum.
ed learners next step ng. This lea e specific a rable. These rable. These be reviewe traff meetir child) and n set as old o et. This will e five mem class. Stud e added an red as goals ved needs a to be introc p with mak or reportin	Strategic Aim:  progress an curriculum.

To increase the number of students achieving AT or ABOVE for the National Standards

7.6

on to the National Standards	and December 2016 showed us to have 24% (6/25) Above, 64% (16/25), 8% (2/25) Below, cooking into this data we see that there is no gender bias as to the below students.	Evaluation  Where to next?  Of all the specific actions that we listed we would consider using them all again with the exception of the PACT as at this stage we are not sure what it will look like in 2018.  We are going to continue to use on-line math resources as these are working well and were not included in the planned actions.  The site Maths is fun and the Kahn academy have been used where and when students want to push themselves.  We will continue to develop Office 365 as this gives us the ability to set tasks and mark them on line.
children make at least one year's progress in relation to the National Standards	MATHEMATICS: November and December 2016 showed us to have 24% (6/25) Above, 64% (16/25), 8% (2/2) and 4% (1/25) Well Below. Looking into this data we see that there is no gender bias as to the below students.  • Maori (6/25) 24%  • European (19/25) 76%  • Female (17/25) 68%  • Male (8/25) 32%	Reasons for the variance Why did it happen?  Our school has been part of ALIM for the past two years. During this time, we have made paradigm changes to our practise. We have removed time parameters and broken down what times tables look like etc. Materials always on hand and never removed. This was followed up with in depth PD around teaching maths. Only stage teaching two times a week and then working in vertically stacked groups for the other days.  We also removed the literacy component from the PAT testing by having the tests read to those
MATHEMATICS: To have all children make a	MATHEMATICS: November and December and 4% (1/25) Well Below. Looking into this • Maori (6/25) 24% • European (19/25) 76% • Female (17/25) 68% • Male (8/25) 32%	Outcomes What happened?  Results Well Below: nil Below: nil At: (17/23) 74% Above: (6/23) 26% From the end of 2016 data by midyear we had 3 Above, 20 At, with 2 Below.
Target: MATHEN	Baseline Data:  And 4%  Baseline Data:  Band 4%  Band 4%  Band 4%  Band 4%	• Basic facts: addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division. Students are to be given 100 questions at their level, with a goal of answering at one question every three seconds. To be used as homework.  • Maths blast 100 questions at the students' level timed, scores and times recorded.

- Materials are to be used in every lesson and available on the tables for children to use or refer to at any time.
- Weekly planning to refer to numeracy planning books
- Focus in class of learning different strategies with discussion around which is the best to use and why it was chosen.
- Targeted Learners
  Programme: Teacher's
  weekly planning will
  include our priority and
  targeted learners with
  their next step
  learning. This learning
  is to be specific and
  achievable. These goals
  are to be reviewed at
  each staff meeting (for
  each child) and new
  goals set as old ones

students who were not able to make sense of the questions.

We have promoted the use of on line sites such as The Kahn Academy and Maths is fun.

Removal of rote learning around times tables. With the promotion of group approach to problem solving. Also we went out of way to make the questions relevant to our students, such as working out how much water our water tank holds.

Due to the small nature of our school any student that is in our OTJ of concern is placed into our targeted learners programme. Very similar to an IEP. That and the very nature of country schools we know our students well and what interests them and use this to accelerate learning.

home and parents and caregivers can see the work we are setting. We do not have any specific changes to practise that we are looking to make other than the continual improvement of practise that will monitor through our Internal Evaluation Documents. The only action that would need to be funded is a commitment to making 365 work better in the class.

Our CAAP is also ready and will help us to focus on students.
The two students marked below are still a long way off AT and to get there, we will have to look at how to strengthen the home school partnership.

I do not believe that we have to ask the BOT for resources in this area or PD funding. We should be able to access all we need internally.

include five members

are met. This will

of the class. Students

may be added and

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					77		Freezy ( ) and the	
removed as goals or	observed needs are	PACT and e-asTTle to	be introduced to help	make OTJs and these	reported to the board	twice a year.		

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